

dated November 12, 1996 under the caption "Two-wheeler makers to ride tough on new norms":

(b) if so, the reaction of the Government to the observations made therein and facts of the matter:

(c) the steps taken/proposed to be taken to evolve acceptable standard emission norms for the two wheeler makers; and

(d) the present status regarding shift to four stroke technology by the two wheeler makers and investment proposed to meet the standard emission norms by the year 2000?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (CAPT. JAI NARAYAN PRASAD NISHAD) : (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) and (c). Stricter emission norms for vehicles including 2-wheelers, which are at the manufacturing stage, have been evolved by a Technical Committee under the Central Pollution Control Board. These norms have been recommended to be notified under the Central Motor Vehicles Rules, 1989. The vehicle manufacturers have been asked to begin a serious programme of technological upgradation to meet the norms to be effective from 1.4.2000.

(d) The automobile industry has to incorporate suitable changes in their technology and make necessary investment of their own to meet the norms by the effective date.

[Translation]

Pollution in Sea Shore

3525. SHRI SUSHIL CHANDRA : Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state :

(a) the names of the areas of sea along the Indian coast land where pollution is increasing and the locations where the level of pollution has been described as serious.

(b) whether some foreign countries are dumping their polluted waste into the Indian sea and some of the Indian companies are co-operating them in this effort; and

(c) if so, the steps being taken by the Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (CAPT. JAI NARAYAN PRASAD NISHAD) : (a) The data collected at 77 locations since 1991 along the coastline of the country have indicated that the sea off 1 km all along the coastline except off Mumbai is clean and conform to prescribed quality of clean sea water. The coastal areas found to have low to moderate concentrations of pollutants and those where concentration of pollutants

may become high in near future are as under :

(i) Areas of low concentrations of pollutants are:

State	Area (S)
Gujarat	Poranbder, Bedi, Vadinar and Kandla
Maharashtra	Ratnagiri
Goa	Mandovi and Zuari
Karnataka	Mangalore Port
Kerala	Cannanore and Calicut
Tamil Nadu	Cuddalore
West Bengal	West Bengal Coast.

(ii) Areas of moderate concentration of pollutants are :

Gujarat	Porbander harbour, Damnaganga estuary & Vapi Industrial Estate
Maharashtra	Thane creek
Karnataka	Mangalore coast
Kerala	Cochi backwaters, Allepey, Kayamkulam, Quilon, Paravur & Veli
Tamil Nadu	Tuticorin & Arumuganeri
Orissa	Puri

(iii) Areas where concentration of pollutants are likely to increase in near future :

Gujarat	Veraval Port, Hazira and Tapi estuary
Maharashtra	Versova creek, Mahim Bay and Thane creek
Tamil Nadu	Chennai Harbour & Ennore estuary
Andhra Pradesh	Vishakapattanam Harbour & Kakinada

(b) No, Sir. No such report have been received by this Ministry.

(c) does not arise.

[English]

De-Addiction and Rehabilitation Centres And Child Welfare Councils

3526. SHRI ANAND RATNA MAURYA : Will the Minister of WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether MBBS with managerial abilities is the required qualification for appointment as Medical Officer-cum-Project Director (full time basis) Medical Officer (part time basis) in the De-addiction-cum-rehabilitation Centres and Child Welfare Councils run by the Ministry;

(b) whether the Bachelors' Degree in Indian System of Medicines including Homoeopathy has not been recognised for the appointment to these posts;

(c) whether in a number of cases, relaxation in MBBS qualification was given and persons were appointed having degree in Indian System of Medicines and Diploma in Homoeopathy Medicine and Surgery (DHMS);

(d) if so, the details thereof along with other terms and conditions of the appointment;

(e) whether Government propose to recognise Bachelors' Degree in Indian System of Medicines including Homoeopathy, a degree analogous to MBBS in view of poor response shown by allopaths for the appointment to the said post; and

(f) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF WELFARE (SHRI BALWANT SINGH RAMOOWALIA) : (a) and (b). Under the revised Scheme for Prohibition and Drug Abuse Prevention, implemented with effect from 1.10.1994, MBBS with managerial abilities with work experience in the field for at least 2 years is the prescribed qualification for appointment as Medical Officer-cum-Project Director in the De-addiction-cum-Rehabilitation Centres run by voluntary organisations. This Ministry does not run any Child Welfare Councils.

(c) and (d). On the representations of various organisations regarding specific qualifications prescribed in the revised scheme for Prohibition and Drug Abuse Prevention, it was agreed in principle that staff employed before 1.10.1994 and not having the requisite qualification may be continued. They may however be encouraged to acquire the requisite qualification in due course.

(e) There is no such proposal under consideration.

(f) The existing Scheme prescribes medical model based on allopathic system of treatment for De-addiction.

Clearing of Power Projects

3527. SHRI SONTOSH MOHAN DEV :
DR. T. SUBBARAMI REDDY :

Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state :

(a) whether implication of the Supreme Court order is that the Government have failed to follow the environmental norms in clearing the power projects;

(b) if so, the projects for which Supreme Court has directed that a fresh environmental clearance should be taken; and

(c) the reaction of the Central Government thereto?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (CAPT. JAI NARAYAN PRASAD NISHAD) : (a) and (b). As per the Orders passed by the Supreme Court, five projects namely, Goshree Project in Kerala, Cogentrix Project in Karnataka, Sinarmas Pulp & Paper Project in Maharashtra, Bandra-Kurla Complex in Maharashtra and Sanghi Jetty/Cement Project in Kutch, were assessed by the experts from the National Environmental Engineering Research Institute, Nagpur who have submitted their findings to the Court.

(c) Out of the five projects, Goshree Project, Cogentrix Project, Sinarmas Pulp & Paper Project and Sanghi Cement Project had been accorded environmental clearance subject to implementation of environmental safeguard measures. However, no proposal on Bandra-Kurla Complex has so far been referred to this Ministry.

Krishi Vigyan Kendras

3528. SHRI CHINTAMAN WANAGA : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Indian Council of Agricultural Research has established Krishi Vigyan Kendras in 1977 in various parts of the country and assigned the same to local Non-Government organisations;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) the funding pattern of Krishi Vigyan Kendras by the Central Government;

(d) whether the Government desire to change the funding pattern and have decided to hand over it to the State Governments; and

(e) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (EXCLUDING THE DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING) (SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA) : (a) and (b). During the year 1976-77, 17 Krishi Vigyan Kendra (KVKs) have been established by the Indian Council of Agricultural Research in various parts of the country, of which six KVKs have been assigned to local non-government organisations (statement attached)

(c) The funding pattern of KVKs during the Eighth Five Year Plan is to provide 100% for the first five years and 75% for 6th to 10th year and later 100% budget is to be met by the host Institutions.

(d) and (e). The Planning Commission has agreed to continuance of its funding beyond 1st April, 1997 for the KVKs likely to complete 10 years by 31st March, 1997 for the time being till a final view is taken with regard to the funding pattern to be followed in the IX Five Year Plan.